

Structure and function of phage AR9 RNA polymerase

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Transcription

DNA-dependent RNA polymerases (RNAPs)

**'right-hand-shaped'
RNAPs**

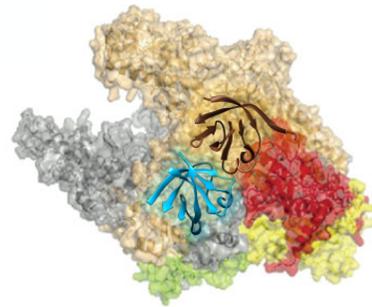
**Mitochondria
Chloroplasts
Bacteriophages**



T7 phage
RNAP
PDB 4RNP

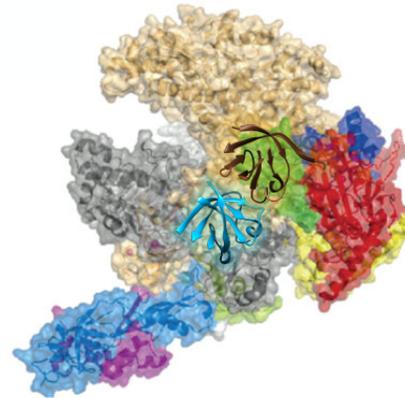
**'two-barrel'
RNAPs**

Bacteria



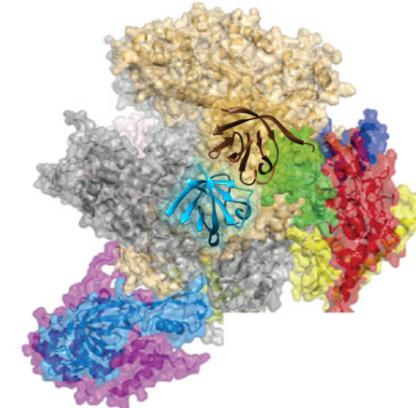
Thermus aquaticus
RNAP
PDB 116V

Archaea



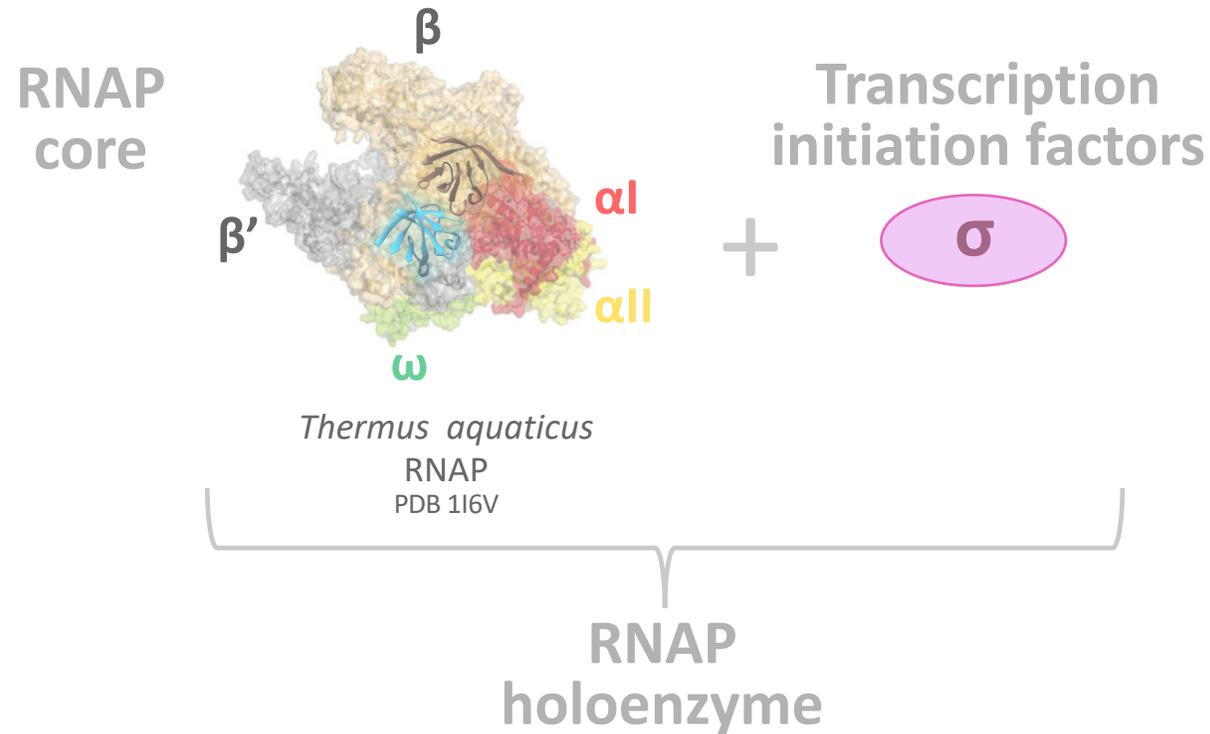
Sulfolobus solfataricus
RNAP
PDB 2PMZ

Eukarya



Saccharomyces cerevisiae
RNAP II
PDB 1NT9

A canonical RNA polymerase



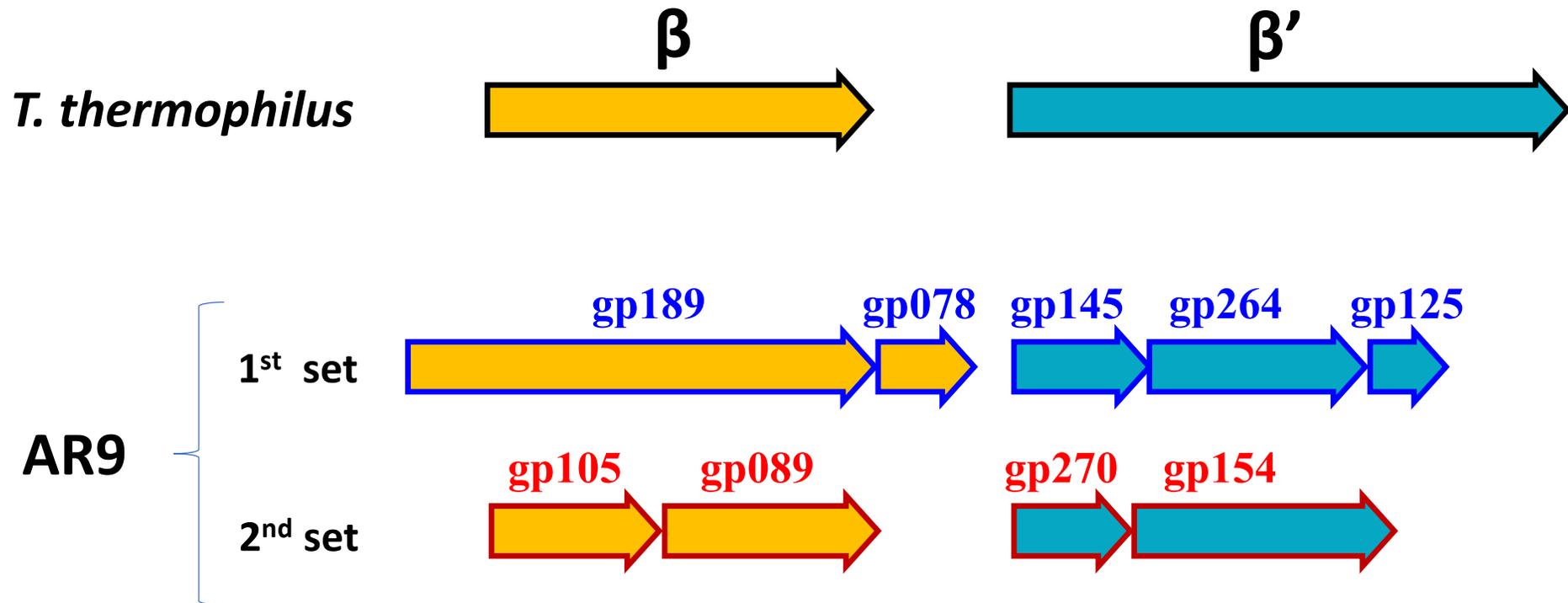
Some bacteriophages encode homologs of β/β' subunits but lack homologs of other subunits (α , ω , σ):

- new mechanisms of assembly
- novel promoter recognition strategies

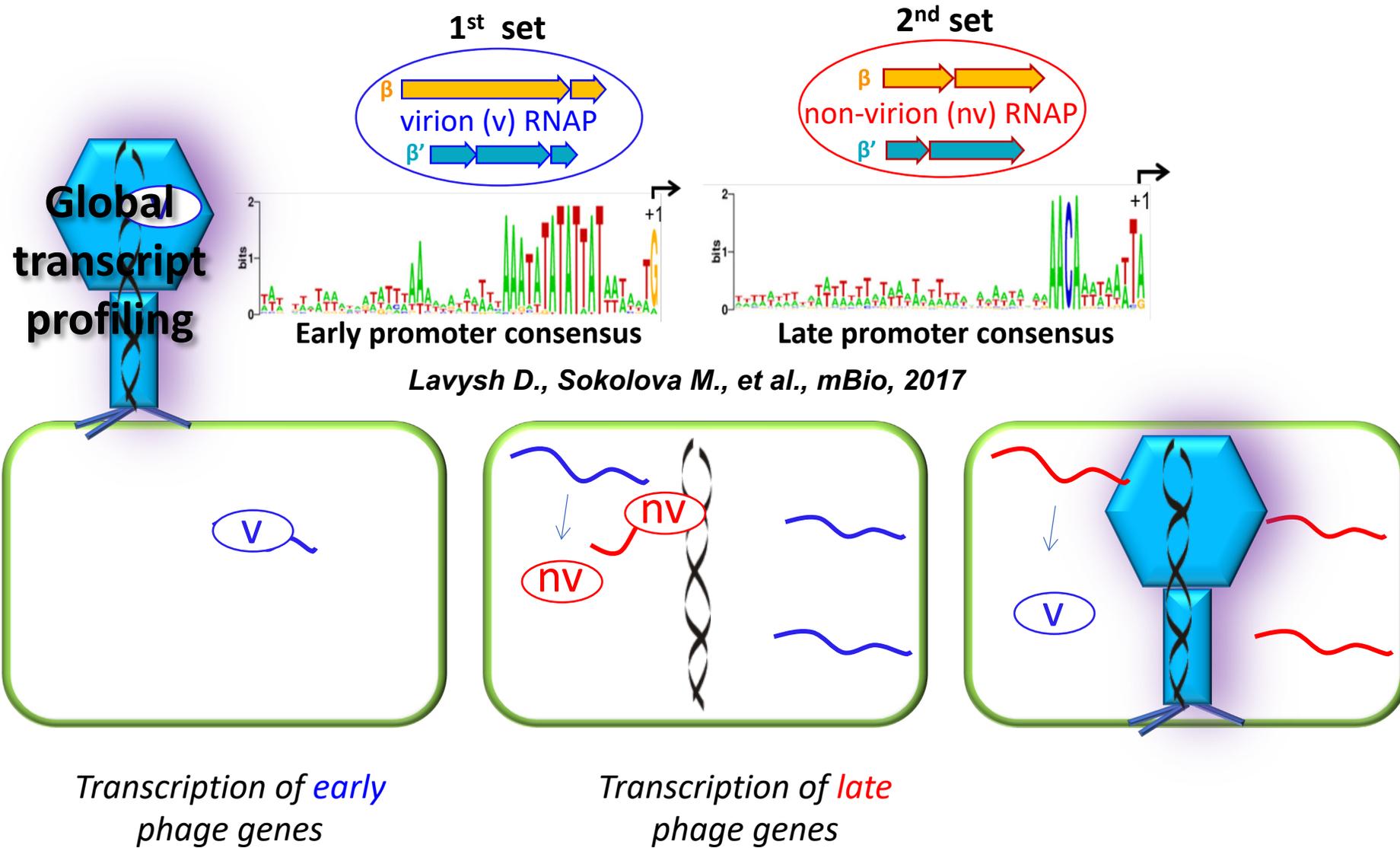
Non-canonical RNAPs

Bacteriophage AR9

- infects: *Bacillus subtilis*
- genome size: 251 kbs
- genome composition: A, U, G, C (T → U)

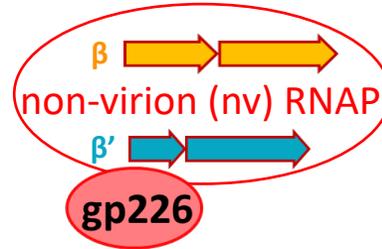


Transcription strategy of the AR9 phage



Purification of the AR9 nvRNAP from *B. subtilis* cells infected with AR9

- 1 Cleared cell lysate
- 2 Polymin P fractionation
- 3 Heparin-Sepharose
- 4 Superdex 200
- 5 MonoQ

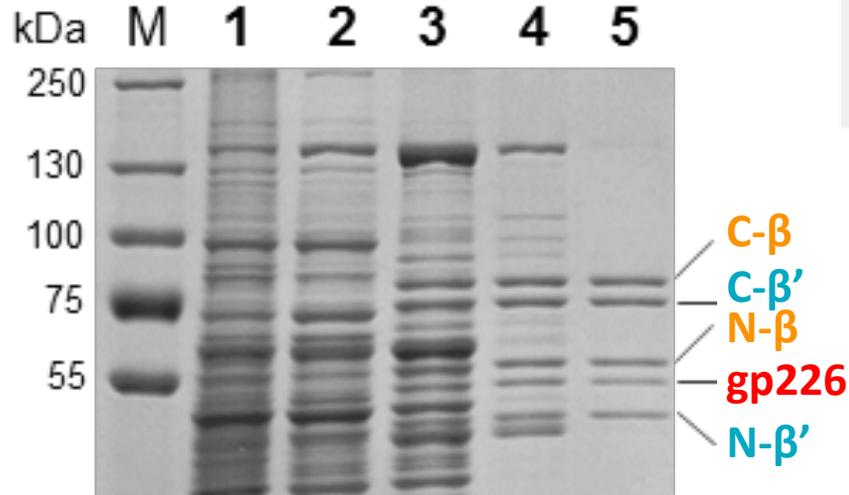


Descriptions Graphic Summary Alignments Taxonomy

Sequences producing significant alignments Download Manage Columns Show 100

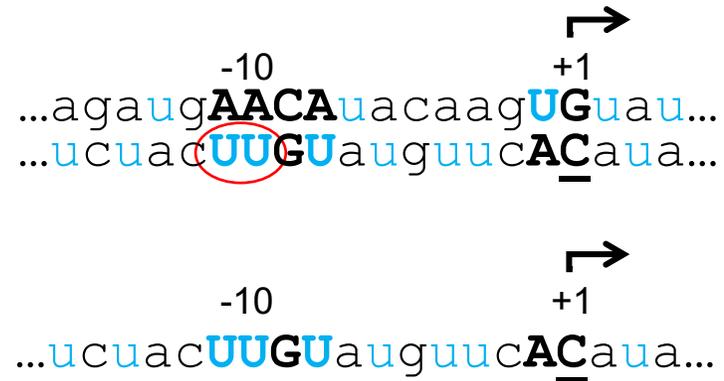
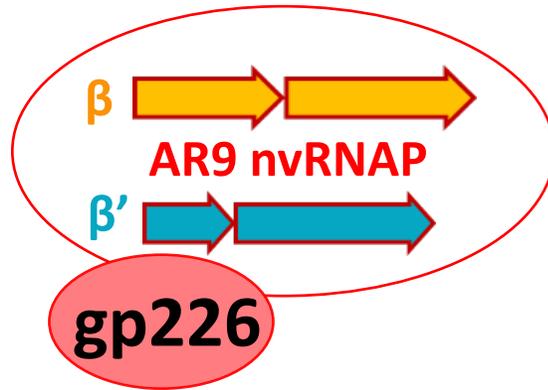
select all 4 sequences selected [GenPept](#) [Graphics](#) [Distance tree of results](#) [Multiple alignment](#)

Description	Max Score	Total Score	Query Cover	E value	Per. Ident	Accession
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> DNA-directed RNA polymerase subunit [Bacillus phage AR9]	915	915	100%	0.0	100.00%	YP_009283130.1
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> hypothetical protein DA469_21760 [Bacillus subtilis]	897	897	98%	0.0	99.56%	PTJ25816.1
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> hypothetical protein Bp8pS_281 [Bacillus phage vB_BpuM-BpSp]	495	495	95%	1e-169	58.39%	ALN97960.1
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> g245 [Yersinia phage phiR1-37]	89.0	89.0	46%	6e-15	28.96%	YP_004934479.1



Predicted subunits
 +
Protein with unknown function

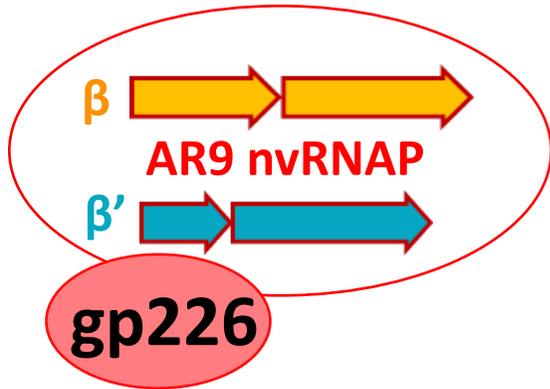
Properties of AR9 nvRNAP



AR9 nvRNAP

- consists of the homologs of β/β' subunits of bacterial RNAP and a protein with unknown function
- transcribes from AR9 late promoters *in vitro*
- requires the presence of **two uracils** at the -11, -10 positions
- recognizes the promoter on the **template** DNA strand
- promoter-specifically transcribes **ssDNA**

The protein with previously unknown function (gp226) is a promoter specificity subunit.



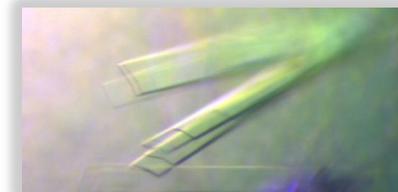
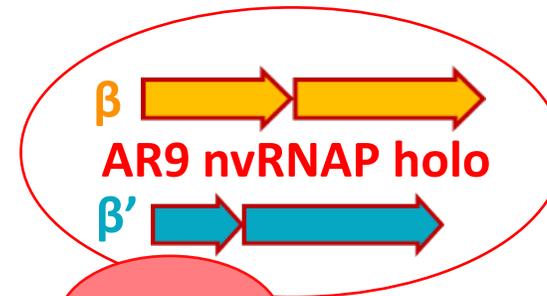
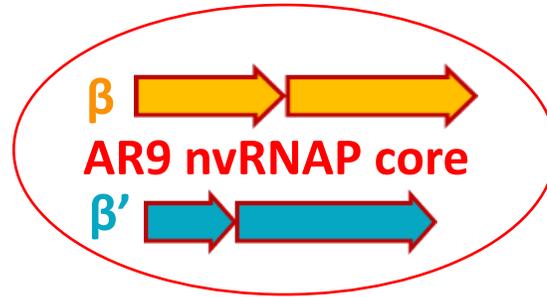
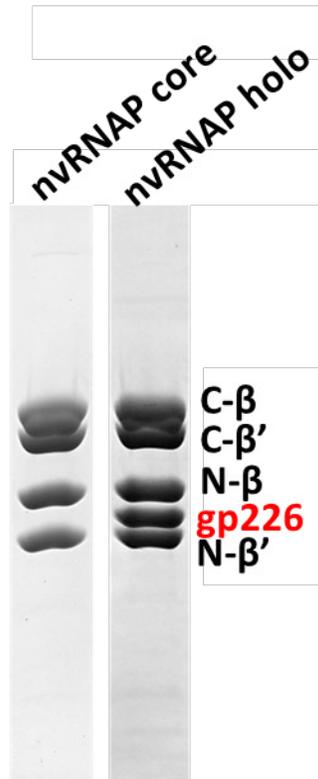
Structure of the enzyme?

4S particle: ~2300 residues

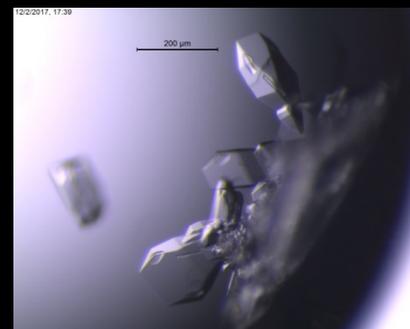
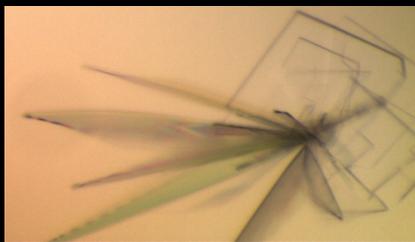
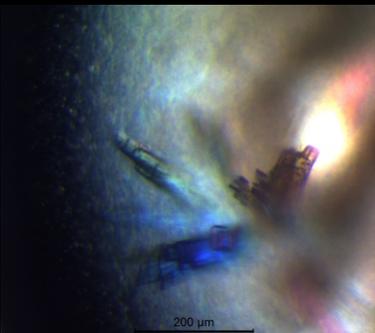
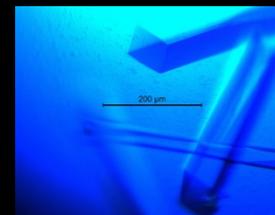
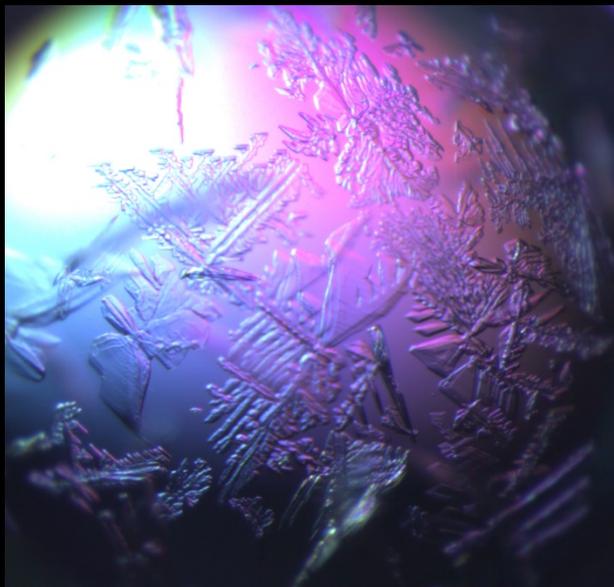
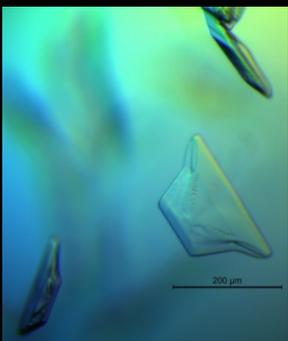
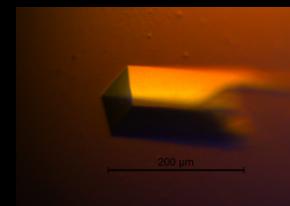
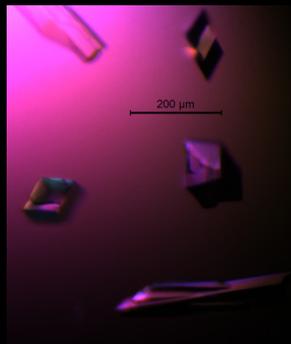
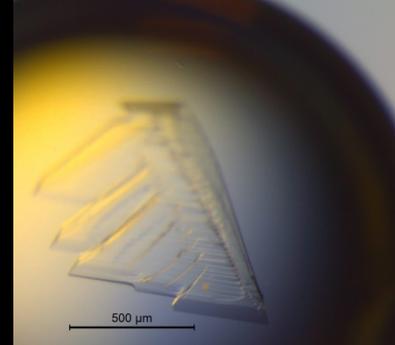
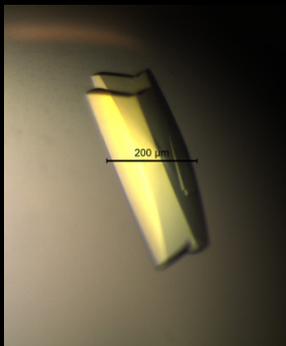
5S particle: ~2800 residues

Crystallization of AR9 nvRNAP

Recombinant:



atcacatattggag
gtauUUGUuatataATatagtgtataacctc



Path to atomic structure

X-ray crystallography

Total number of crystals shot: 300+ (of which most were heavy atoms soaks).

Total number of datasets collected and analyzed: 50+

Total number of days and/or nights spent collecting X-ray data: ~14.

Total time spent on analyzing diffraction data and phasing: months.

Best datasets: Several natives (3.2 Å), Ta derivative (6 Å), Hg derivative (very large unit cell, 3.8 Å).

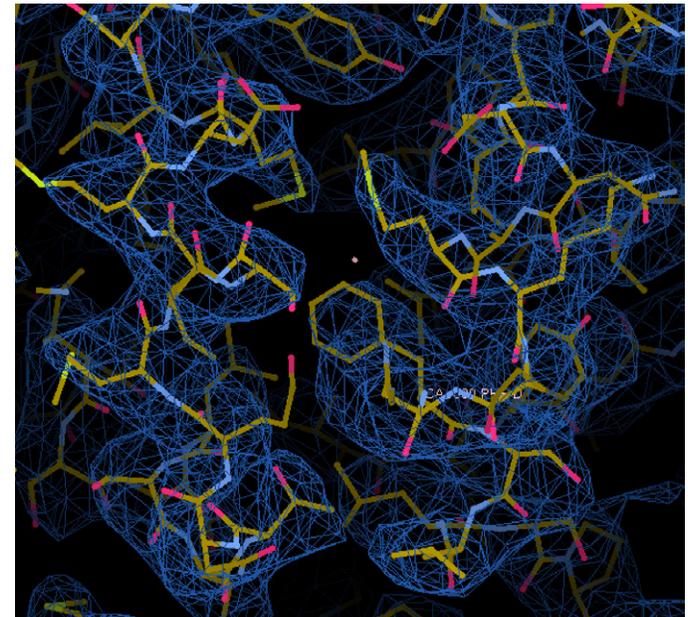
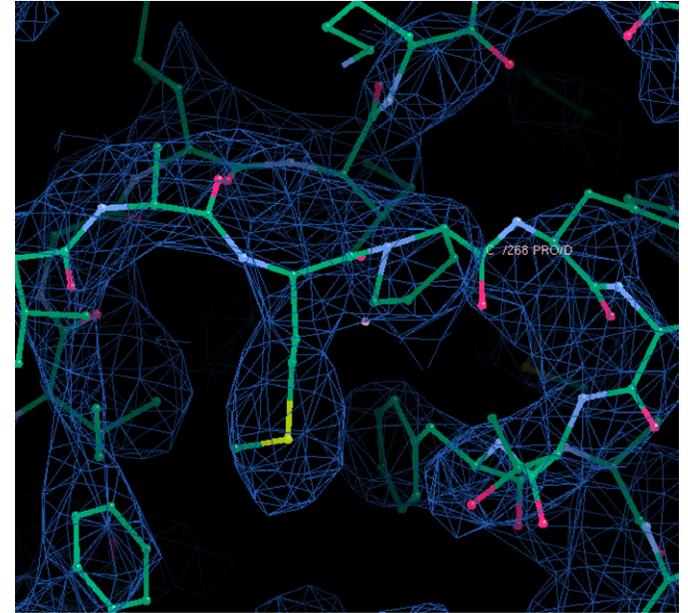
“Interpretable” density obtained by SAD+MR+NCS+multicrystal averaging (3.8 Å) of several 4S datasets. Then switched to cryoEM.

CryoEM

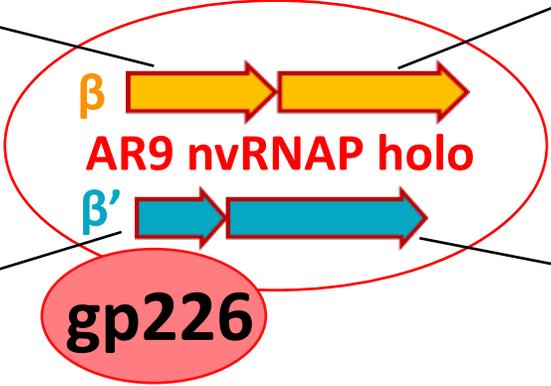
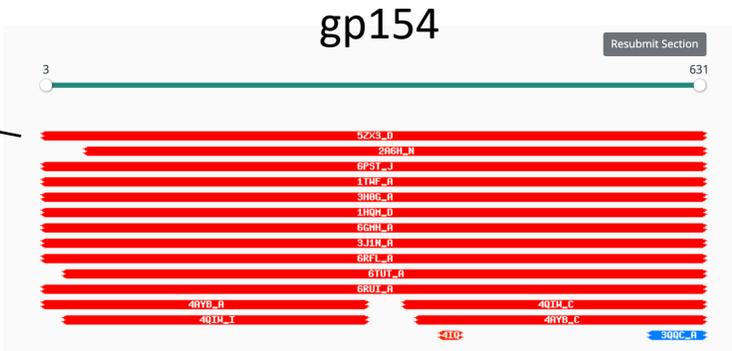
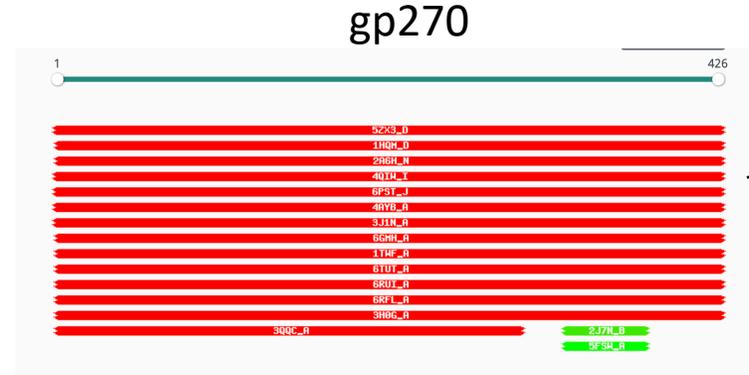
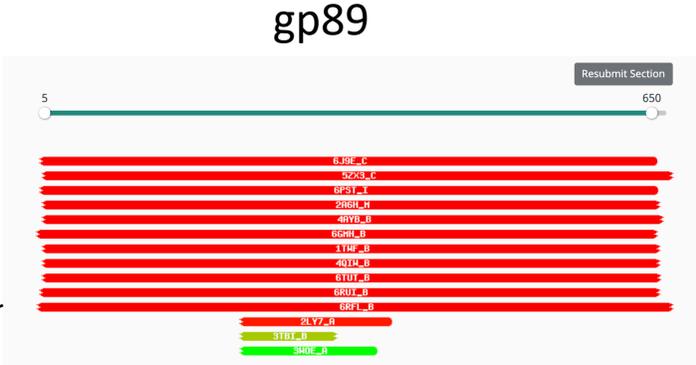
Total data sets collected (different Krios-K2/K3 Summit):

- 4S on thin carbon (no protein in the holes at all otherwise), terrible preferred orientation;
- 5S on thin carbon with 30-degree tilt, some preferred orientation;
- 5S + DNA – no tilt and no support film, little preferred orientation.

CryoSPARC gave interpretable map at 3.8 Å resolution. Relion map was not easily interpretable.



Helpful bioinformatics - HHpred



???

For highly similar targets (gp89, gp270 and gp154): Modeller models after much trimming (30% left) and adjustments were used in the MR-SAD-NCS averaging procedure for X-ray data.

Descriptions | Graphic Summary | Alignments | Taxonomy

Sequences producing significant alignments

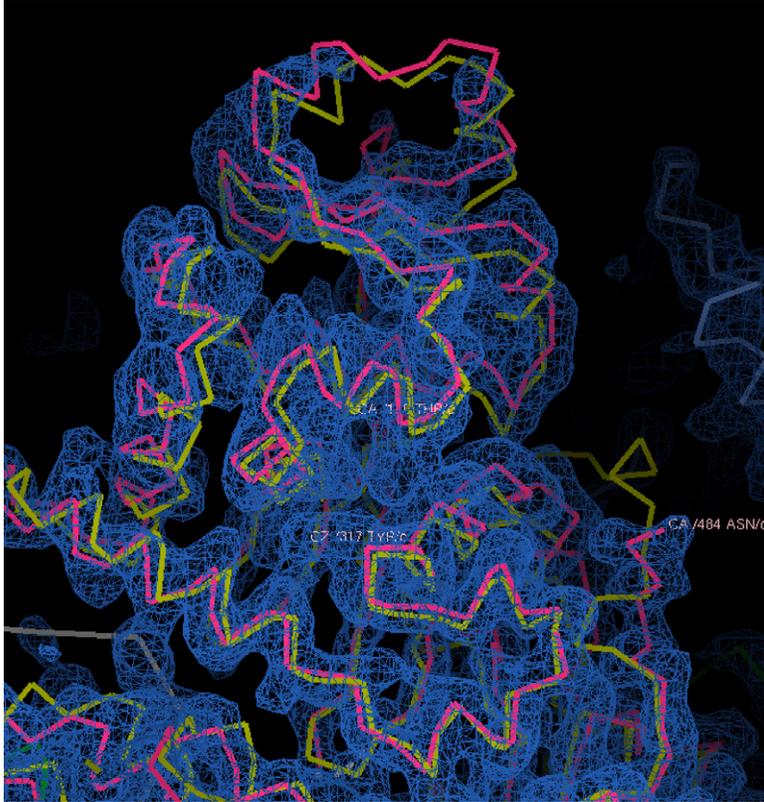
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select all 4 sequences selected

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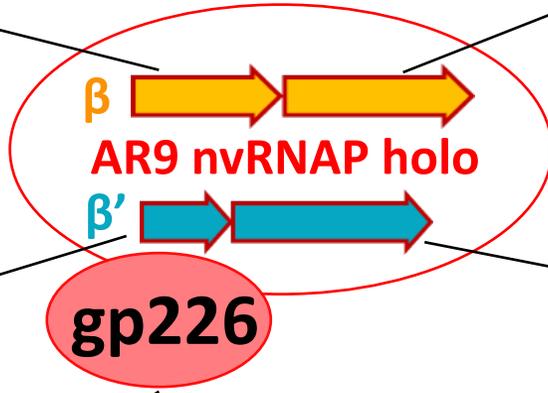
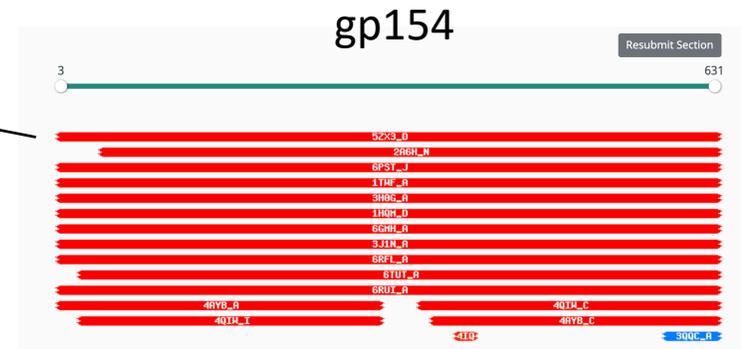
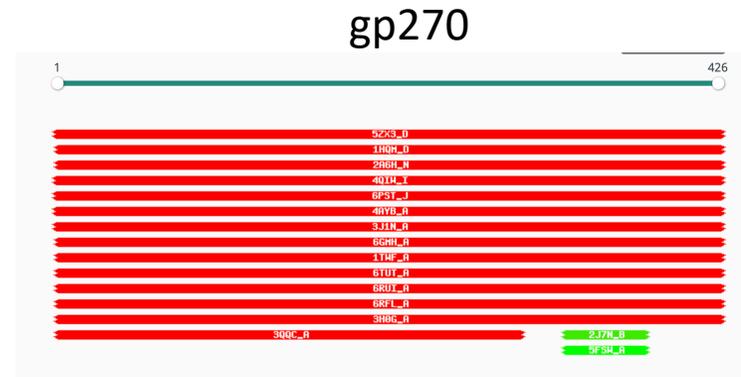
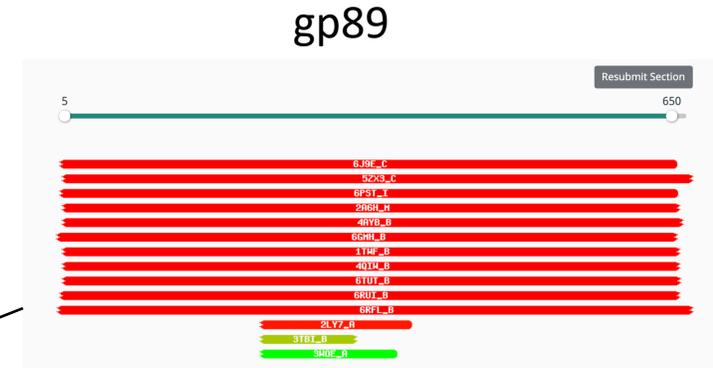
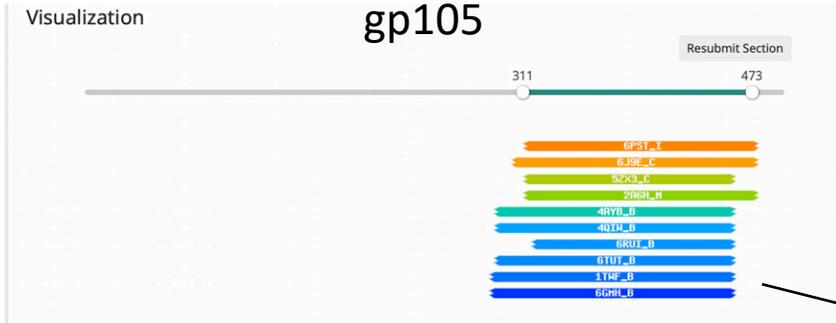
Astonishing quality of group 427 models

gp105



Group 427 model (yellow) is fitted into the cryoEM map.

Helpful bioinformatics

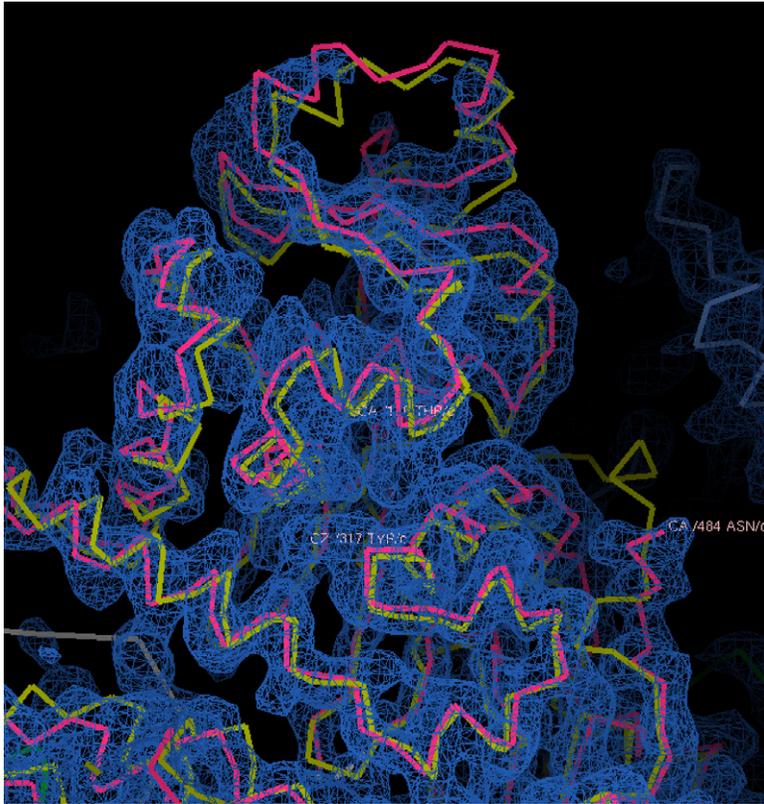


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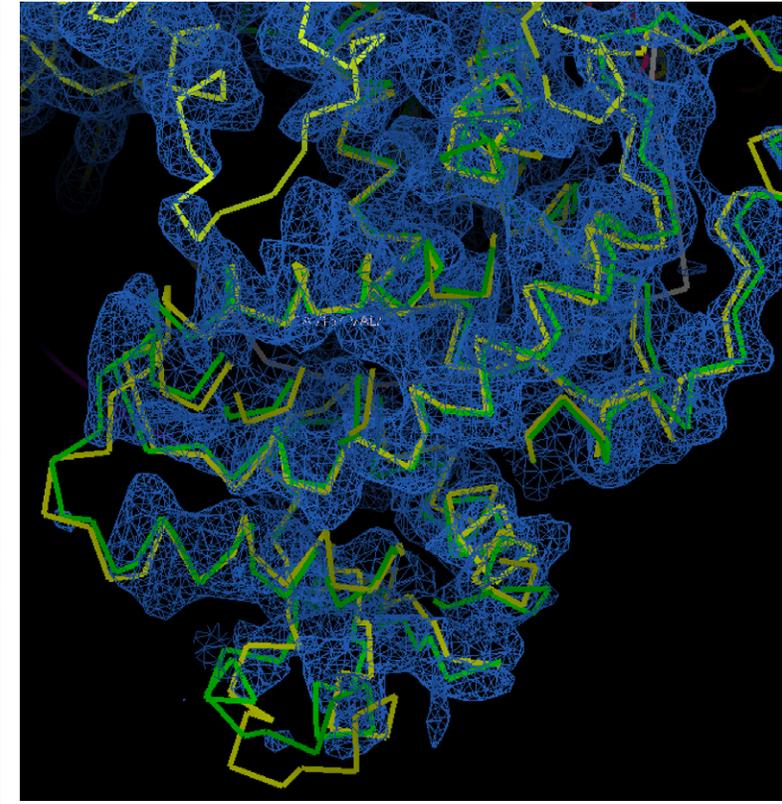
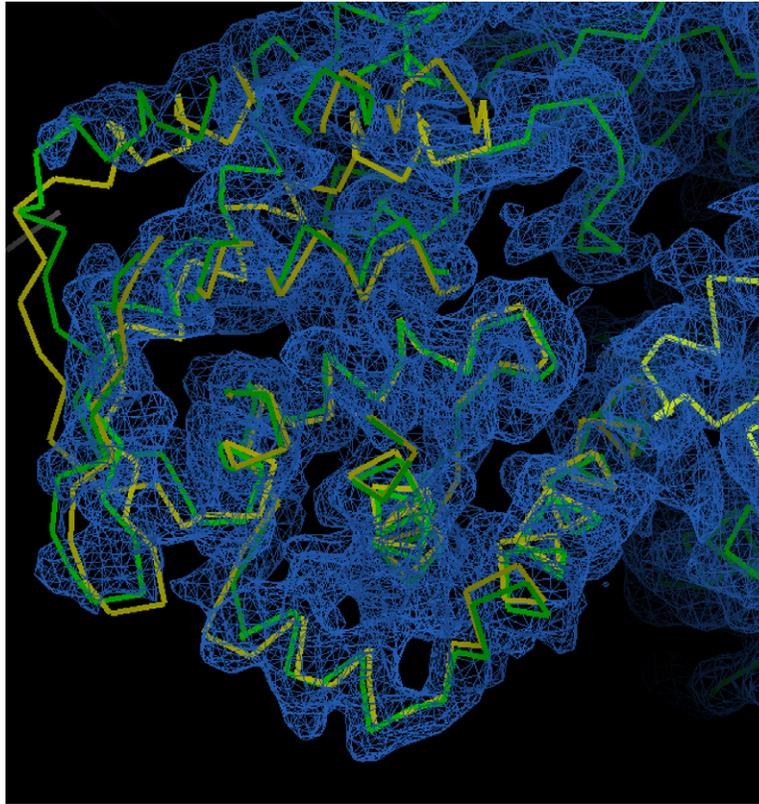
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Astonishing quality of group 427 models

gp105



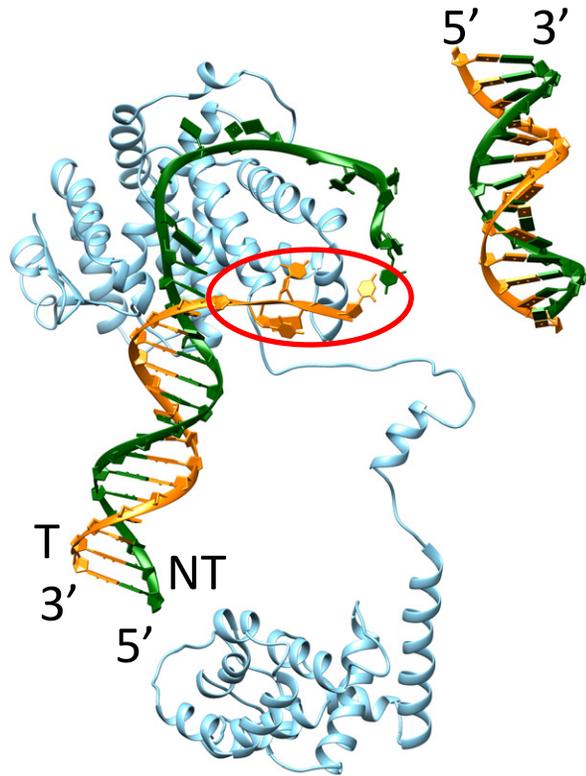
gp226



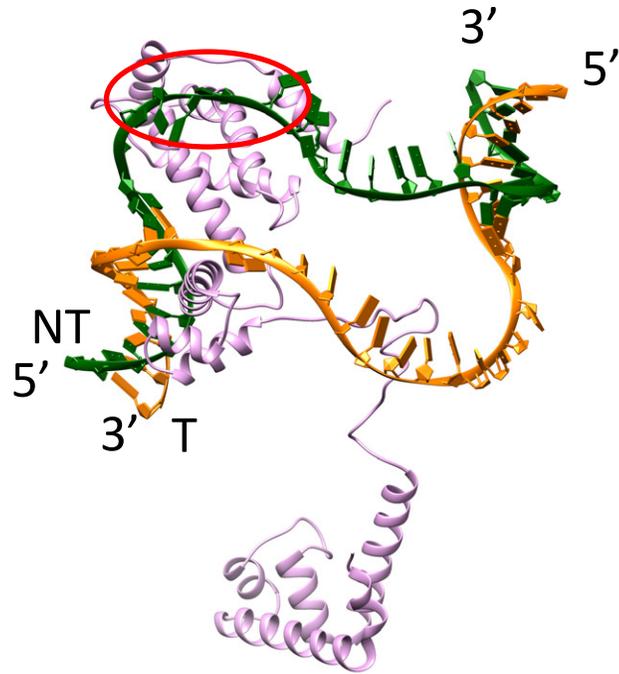
Group 427 model (yellow) is fitted into the cryoEM map.

Promoter recognition by gp226

gp226

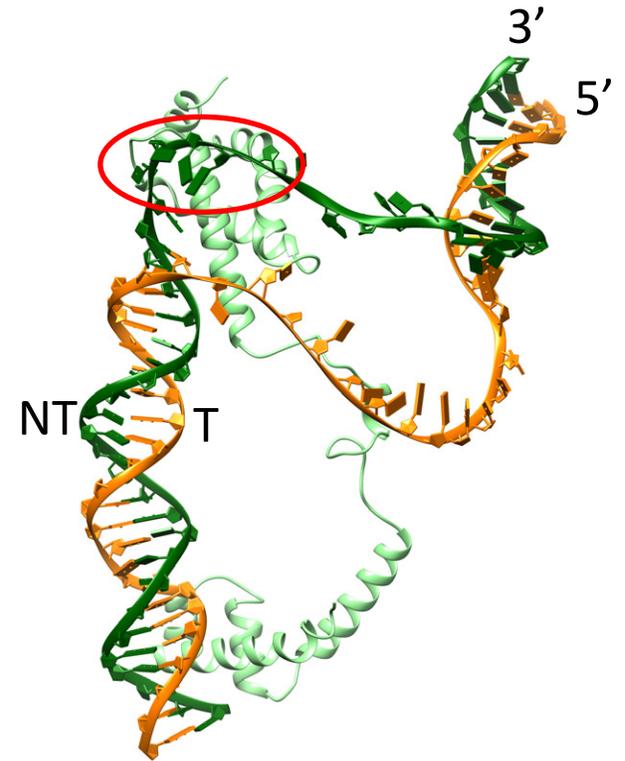


E. coli Sigma S



PDB: 5ipm

E. coli Sigma E



PDB: 6jbq

Acknowledgements



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Skoltech, UTMB



Alec Fraser,
UTMB



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Rowan University

Group 427 (Alphafold2)!!!

U.S. Department of Energy's
Argonne National Laboratory,
Chicago, USA



Berkeley Center for Structural
Biology, Berkeley, USA

